

ALDRICH MEASURE MAY FAIL TO PASS

William Alden Smith Assails
Bond Provisions in
Debate.

Democrats Pleased at Evi-
dences of Dissensions
Among Republicans.

Troubled times are ahead for the Aldrich currency bill. For weeks there have been mutterings of dissatisfaction concerning this measure from the House. It has been quite generally taken for granted it would get through the Senate. Now, the friends of the bill are growing alarmed over the outlook for it even in the Senate.

This alarm has been accentuated by the developments yesterday when Senator William Alden Smith of Michigan, in his maiden speech vigorously attacked the railroad bond feature of the measure. Senator Beveridge came to his support, showing that he is in sympathy in some degree at least with the views of the Senator from Michigan. It is known this Republican opposition does not by any means stand alone. Other Republican Senators are cold toward the bill. Senator La Follette has been waiting for an opportunity to attack it. Senator Brown of Nebraska and some of the other Western Republicans are rated as hostile to the Aldrich plan. Some of them are saying they will on no account vote for it.

Would Hurt Most of Bonds.

Senator Smith objected to the railroad bond provision of the Aldrich bill on the ground that it would be possible for not more than \$200,000,000 or \$300,000,000 of the railroad bonds of the country to be used as a basis for emergency circulation. As there are upwards of \$5,000,000,000 of railroad bonds issued by the roads of the United States, this would leave the large percentage of them unaccepted as security for circulation and branded in the markets as not acceptable. Such discrimination, he held, would injure the sale of the bonds that the Government did not accept to secure circulation. He warned the Senate that the sale of railroad bonds now was difficult enough and that it was extremely unwise to do anything that would further hinder their sale.

Further than this, he declared the use of railroad bonds as security for circulation was the initial step toward Government ownership of roads. The Government, he said, in accepting a railroad mortgage bond as security for circulation became the mortgagee, and it was not a remote contingency that it might be obliged to foreclose, and take over the property.

Aldrich Answers Criticism.

Senator Smith's observations led Senator Aldrich to make a spirited reply and he was backed up by Senators Hopkins and McCumber. He made light of the idea that there was any danger of Government ownership. He thought the discrimination against such railroad bonds was not acceptable for circulation was not serious. He contended that the Government had the most ample security when it accepted a railroad bond as security for circulation, and there was no danger whatever that the Government would be the loser.

Senator Aldrich was nettled by the charge made by Senator Smith that the railroad bond provision was put in the bill to increase the price of railroad bonds.

"It was not put there to increase the price of railroad bonds, what was it put in for?" asked the Senator from Michigan.

Democrats Pleased.

Senate Democrats were highly pleased over the evidences of Republican dissension over the currency bill. Senator Tillman expressed his delight over the exchange of compliments. Senator Bailey was likewise pleased.

It was expected Senator Aldrich would ask a vote on the bill in a short time but the indications now are that he will be in no hurry to do so, and will prefer to wait developments, hoping that the bill will gain support among Republicans as the debate proceeds.

HULL IS CONFIDENT OF OFFICERS' INCREASE

Representative Hull, chairman of the House Committee on Military Affairs, is confident, despite the unfavorable action of the House, that when the army appropriation bill passes and becomes law it will carry an appropriation for a comfortable increase of the salaries of army officers.

"The House has cut the officers out," he said, "but the Senate will put it back in. I expect to see the Senate give about \$300,000 a year for increase of the pay of officers, lieutenants and captains getting the most consideration, as they should. The bill will come back to the House, and this amount will be cut to about \$200,000. In that shape we will finally accept it."

"There must be provision for better pay. Before the Spanish war I knew an Iowa man who had been in the army forty years, and thirty years ago that time he had been a lieutenant. Now we've got the army filled up with young fellows who are going to live a good many years. Pretty soon there'll be another 'hump' in the lower ranks; no chance of promotion, because the retirements and vacancies will come so seldom. Nothing but the increase of pay for these lower ranks, in which men will be spending up to fifteen years without advancement, will be fair, and we are going to get it this session."

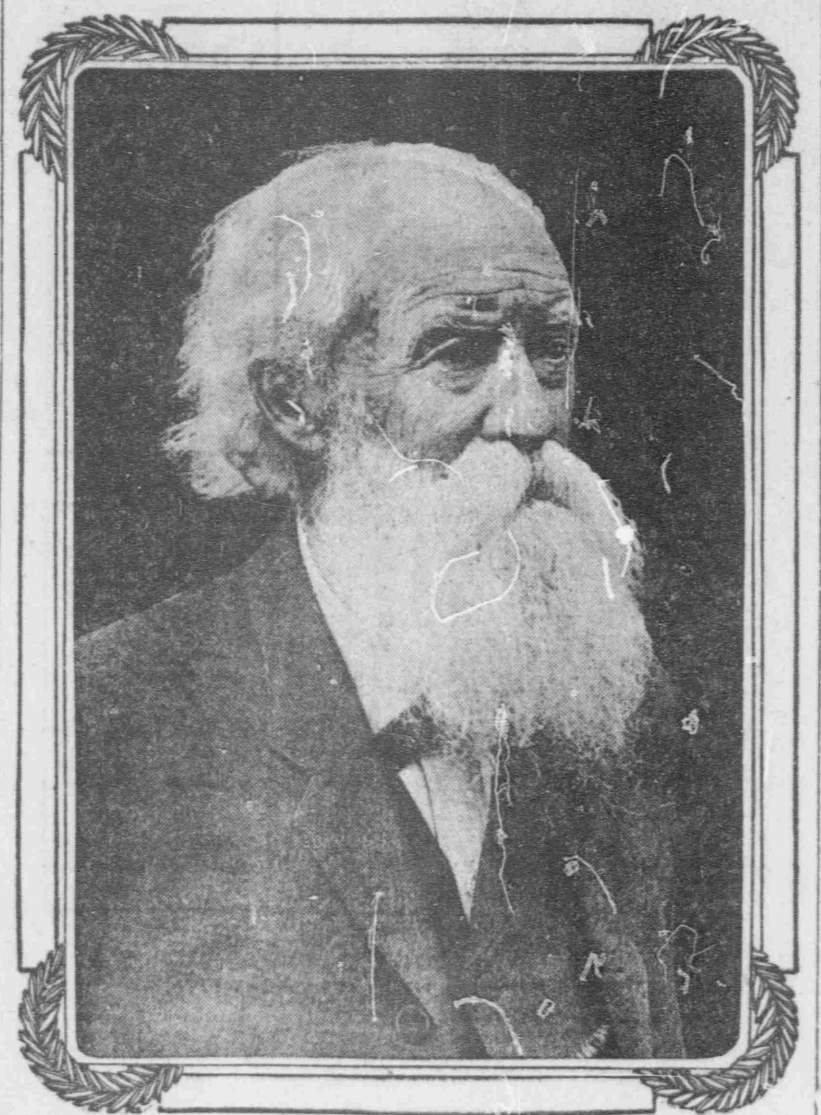
HE SHOWS NEEDLEWORK TO PRESS DIVORCE SUIT

DETROIT, March 2.—A convincing defense to a suit for divorce was made here today by Charles F. D. Higgins, who produced a box filled with his own needlework to prove that he spent his spare time at home.

Higgins first produced a statement showing that he works regularly in a factory, and has lost only 5 per cent time off. At night he goes home, and does fancy work. As proof he displayed the product of his needle, consisting of drawn work, embroidery, and a baby's little suit in court were mostly his own handiwork.

"While I do the fancy work," Higgins added quietly, "my wife spends her time reading novels."

Love for the Robin's Song To Lead Naturalist North With the Coming of Spring



JOHN BURROUGHS,

Lover of Nature, Who Will Leave for Florida Tonight After a Visit to Washington.

John Burroughs, Friend of President, Tells of Life With Animals.

That he will travel from Florida to New York State just to hear the robin sing, illustrates how thoroughly John Burroughs loves nature. Mr. Burroughs, who has been spending a few days in Washington, will leave tonight for Florida, where he will remain until the first signs of spring appear.

"The I will go North as fast as I can," said Mr. Burroughs today. "To hear the spring songs of the robins, I love to listen to them as I roam about my place at 'Slabides,' on the Hudson. A little later on I will go to my old home in the Catskills and enjoy the fun of tapping maple sugar trees. Every year I go into the sugar camps and enjoy myself immensely."

May Join President's Party.

Mr. Burroughs may come to Washington again early in May. President Roosevelt is planning an outing for the early part of that month and he has already intimated that he would like his old friend as a companion. If the plans take definite shape the President's champion in the recent nature-faking controversy will willingly accompany him.

Speaking of nature-faking Mr. Burroughs said he believed it was dying a natural death and that the public no longer interested itself in impossible tales written about the animal kingdom.

"And that is as it should be," said the old naturalist. "There is so much that is really wonderful and beautiful in the animal world that one wonders why it is necessary to wander off into fiction as a substitute for the truth. A close student of nature and of animals should never be at a loss to write at great length on nature as she is without once departing from the strict truth. And all that is written may be interesting. Such a nature writer is President Roosevelt. He really is a close student of nature and of animals and his writings on those subjects may be considered authentic."

Great Imagination.

"I presume he will. He has a great imagination and I honestly think he believes that some of the creations of his mind have actually occurred. Dr. Long is really a clever writer, but he would find so much more of interest if he would only study nature instead of plotting it at a distance. To be sure, Dr. Long goes up to the Maine woods, but he might as well remain at home and do his writing in his comfortable library. Some of the stories told by Dr. Long's guides in Maine are very amusing, but if the guides are to be believed, Dr. Long

HAS BUT 23 BIRTHDAYS IN NINETY-SIX YEARS

UNIONTOWN, Pa., March 2.—The oldest person in the United States who was born on February 29, is the claim made for Mrs. Eliza Burchfield, of Uniontown, who was ninety-six years old last Saturday, and celebrated her twenty-third birthday, having been born on February 29, 1812, in Westmoreland county. She is of old Scotch-Irish stock and her maternal grandmother was a cousin of Mary, Queen of Scots.

On October 18, 1832, Mrs. Burchfield, who was then Eliza Lusk, was married to Levi Burchfield and their married life extended over a period of sixty years, nearly all of which was spent in and around Pittsburgh. At the time when Levi Burchfield and his bride went to Pittsburgh in 1832 the present extensive East End residence was mostly in farm lands and Mrs. Burchfield's father owned a farm of 300 acres, part of which is now comprised in Schenley Park, including some of the springs now furnishing water at the park.

Mrs. Burchfield has twenty-one living descendants. Seven children were born to her, but only two are living. There are thirteen living grandchildren and six living great-grandchildren.

DIPLOMATIC SHOCK AWAITS MR. WU

Japanese Have Followed
Open Door Policy to Letter
and Limit.

When Minister Wu gets here from China to interest the United States in heading off Japanese aggression in Manchuria, he will learn, much to his disgust, that the United States has been looking into that little matter on its own account, and has about decided that there's nothing that can be done about it.

The "open door policy" as to China, it is explained, is simply a policy; an attitude of mind. It isn't guaranteed by a treaty, and no scheme for enforcing it has ever been formulated and adopted among the nations.

In fact, the State Department authorities are of the opinion that Japan's aggressions in Manchuria do not violate in any way the letter of the open-door understanding. Rather, Japan is doing the very things that the open-door idea makes possible for any enterprising nation to do that cares to take advantage of the opportunity, and is skillful enough to get the concessions.

If American or English or German interests wanted to go into Manchuria and compete with Japan, they would be at liberty to do so. The difficulty is that Japan has been so prompt and opportunistic in grasping the opportunity that she has grasped all there is of it. Even if the United States were disposed to insist on a better chance for Americans in Manchuria, there would be no benefits because there is no American trade there, nobody seems to care to develop any, and there are no American ships on the Pacific to carry such commerce.

Japan is forcing competition out of Manchuria, and more and more absorbing the trade of the rest of China simply because she has pushed the opportunity and strengthened her position. But to root her out now, it is said, must be a commercial rather than a diplomatic affair.

BURIED TREASURE FOUND; VALUED AT \$8,000,000

BERLIN, March 2.—Hidden treasure valued at \$8,000,000 is reported to have been discovered in the ruins of an ancient castle at Kamenetz, near the Russian-Galician frontier. The treasure consists of thirteen tons of pure gold and of much jewelry and precious stones. It was concealed by Prince Galitzin when he fled from Kamenetz, exactly 110 years ago.

Efforts to learn the details of the discovery are blocked by those who are in possession of the facts. The fact that the treasure was found became public by preparations for a lawsuit, which will soon be in progress to determine the ownership of the wealth.

HUSBAND WILL FORGIVE OR TAKE ANOTHER WIFE, JUST AS WOMAN PREFERS

She, However, Is Not Much
Concerned in the
Matter.

NEW YORK, March 2.—HYMAN REES inquires for his wife, who left him in November, 1925, taking \$600 and his furniture. If she returns before April he will forgive her and give her a home. If not, he will marry. Address at 42 Ladue lane, Montreal, Canada.

Unless Hyman Rees, a prosperous delicatessen merchant, formerly of this city, but now engaged in business in Montreal, Canada, is prepared to pledge himself to obey a set of rules prescribed by his pretty wife, his chances of securing the reconciliation he seeks through an advertisement are not very bright.

The marital troubles of the Rees couple have been aired several times in various police courts in the last year. Rees, on one occasion, spent several months in Ludlow street jail for failing to pay the wife alimony.

He Liked the Jail.

Once Rees sent his wife the following letter from the jail:

My Wife—This is a very nice hotel, and I'm enjoying myself very much. It's the finest rest that I have had for many, many years. The beds are very good, the meals better than I have had before. We spend lots of our time in exercising in the large yard. The roses and trees in the yard is something that I have not been enjoying before. The grass is nicely cut, and it is lovely. There are only four other boarders here, and they are very nice gentlemen. Their wives come to see them every day.

Mrs. Rees is the daughter of Gottfried G. Herman, and is living with him at 424 East Eighth street. The news that Rees was seeking a reconciliation with his wife was conveyed to Mrs. Rees yesterday by a reporter. At first she refused to believe it. But when she read over the advertisement a few times, she said:

It Was a Hard Job.

"We were married about two and a half years ago," explained Mrs. Rees, "after I had known Mr. Rees only a short time. We lived together for only seven weeks. And then he left me. It really was a hard job to get along with him. You have no idea how stinky he was."

"We parted, and then, when he stopped supporting me, why, I had him arrested. If he wants to talk to me, let him come to New York. If he has captured an affinity, my advice to her is that she had better study him for a while before she becomes his wife. And then, besides, I think I will prosecute him for bigamy if he dares to get married again."

Mrs. Rees also declared that on one occasion her husband showed her a revolver and told her that he would kill her if he ever found her in the company of a man.

Lays Down the Law For Errant Husband

He must stop being a miser.
He must decide to allow his wife to
purchase all the household necessities.

He must stop carrying a revolver in his pocket.
He must give his wife money with which to purchase picture hats, instead of making her wear a shawl upon her head.

He must occasionally take his wife to the theater or to some other entertainment.

Above all, he must have a pleasant face when he gets through with his business.

HER PRIZE HANDS FROZEN AS SHE CLEANS OFF SNOW

DES MOINES, March 2.—The most beautiful hand in Des Moines was nipped by Jack Frost during the big blizzard. The hand is the property of Hazel Boswell. At a recent contest in East Des Moines she was awarded the prize for having the most beautiful hands entered.

Mrs. Boswell thought she would do the prize a service if she would sweep the snow off the front porch. She donned a pair of mittens and set to work. Soon she noticed a strange tingling in those prize hands, but she never thought of quitting her work, and the result was that the prizes were both frozen. A physician has been called into the case.

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FLEXIBILITY denotes quality in leather. It proves that the skins have been treated and tanned to the point of perfection.

You can take any "FOOT FORM" Shoe and bend the sole double between the thumb and first finger. That's visible evidence, but the evidence that strikes the keynote of conviction is the glove-like manner in which "FOOT FORMS" fit the feet.

"Foot Form" Boots come in all styles—a style for every occasion—and each style is based on an anatomically correct last. No other footwear is so generously kind to tender feet.

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coffee-drugged dyspeptic.

It is made of clean, hard wheat; retains all the natural food elements of the cereal, including the "vital phosphates" necessary for rebuilding nerve and brain cells, and is

Many Physicians

insist that there is a peculiar type of Dyspepsia which may well be called

"Coffee Drinker's Dyspepsia"

because the caffeine in coffee tends to congest the stomach and liver and prevent the release of the natural fluids used to digest food.

Fortunately there's **NO TANNIN NOR CAFFEINE** in

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FLY TO PIECES
The Effect of Coffee on Highly Organized People.

"I have been a coffee user for years, and about two years ago, got into a very serious condition of dyspepsia and indigestion. It seemed to me I would fly to pieces. I was so nervous that at the least noise I was distressed, and many times could not straighten myself up because of the pain. My physician told me I must not eat any heavy or strong food and ordered a diet, giving me some medicine. I followed directions carefully, but kept on using coffee and did not get any better. Last winter my husband, who was away on business, had Postum Cereal served to him in the family where he boarded."

"He liked it so well that when he came home he brought some with him. We began using it and I found it most excellent. While I drank it my stomach never bothered me in the least, and I got over my nervous troubles. When the Postum was all gone we returned to coffee, then my stomach began to hurt me as before and the nervous conditions came on again."

"That showed me exactly what was the cause of the whole trouble, so I quit drinking coffee altogether and kept on using Postum. The old troubles left again and I have never had any trouble since." "There's a Reason."

Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

POSTUM CEREAL CO., LTD., BATTLE CREEK, MICH., U. S. A.

A DISTINCTIVE HOTEL

St. Regis Not Only the Finest but the Most Comfortable in New York.

SOME POINTS IN ITS FAVOR

None of New York City's great hotels has been more talked about than the St. Regis, at Fifth Avenue and Fifty-fifth Street. Recognized as the finest hotel in the world, its chief claim to popularity lies in the fact that it offers the largest measure of refined personal comfort at standard prices.

The St. Regis has come to be recognized as the leading living and dining establishment in New York. It is not an experiment, but a well-established necessity in the city's hospitality. It has been tried and tested by thousands, and not found wanting. It represents a superior phase of hotel life and stands unrivaled for comfort and homeliness. On this subject the London Times, in an article published soon after the St. Regis opened its doors, remarks: "If a great art connoisseur planned to furnish a house so that it would give the highest pleasure and comfort to his intimate personal friends, he could do no more than the St. Regis does for all its guests."

For some unaccountable reason, living at the St. Regis has been considered by many as a luxury beyond their means, and all sorts of foolish and exaggerated reports have been circulated regarding the prices prevailing there. The truth is, that the cost of living at the St. Regis is no greater than at other first class hotels, and, considering its exceptional accommodations and service, it is even less. This is shown by the fact that a beautifully furnished room of large size may be had for \$4 a day, or the same, with private bath, for \$6 a day (or for two people at \$8 per day). Parlor, bedroom, and bath from \$12 upward. The restaurant charges are no higher than in other first class hotels.

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Our entire stock is one immense bargain. You must see it and get our prices to appreciate the money-saving opportunities we are offering. Here are two of them:

Gloves
Pure silk, 16-button Gloves, black or white, with double finger tips, the kind you will pay \$1.50 for at any other store in town. 77¢

Dress Skirts
Made of the new Merry Widow plaids, in the latest Panama style, with deep pleats and 4-inch fold. The regular price of this skirt anywhere is \$5.00. Our price, \$2.95

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